

**SCHEME AND SYLLABUS FOR THE POST OF FOREST BEAT OFFICER AND ASSISTANT BEAT OFFICER
IN A.P.FOREST SUBORDINATE SERVICE**

SCHEME FOR SCREENING TEST

(Objective Type)

PART	Subject	No. of Questions	Duration in Minutes	Maximum Marks
A	General Studies & Mental Ability	75	150	75
B	General Science and General Mathematics (SSC Standard)	75		75
Total				150
N.B: As per G.O.Ms. No.235, Finance (HR-1, Plg & Policy) Dept, Dt: 06/12/2016, for each wrong answer will be penalized with 1/3 rd of the marks prescribed for the question.				

SYLLABUS FOR SCREENING TEST

PART – A (75 Marks)

GENERAL STUDIES & MENTAL ABILITY

- General Science – Contemporary developments in Science and Technology and their implications including matters of every day observation and experience, as may be expected of an individual who has passed Intermediate and not made a special study of any scientific discipline.
- Current events of National importance and the State of Andhra Pradesh.
- History of India – emphasis will be on broad general understanding of the subject in its social, economic, cultural and political aspects with a focus on AP and Indian National Movement.
- Geography of India with a focus on Andhra Pradesh State.
- Indian polity and Economy – including the country's political system- rural development – Planning and economic reforms in India.
- Mental Ability – Reasoning & Inferences.
- Sustainable Development and Environmental Protection.
- Disaster Management:
 - The concepts in disaster management and vulnerability profile of India / State of A.P.
 - Causes and effects of Earth quakes/Cyclones/Tsunami/Floods/Drought.
 - Manmade disasters - Prevention strategies, mitigation strategies and mitigation measures.

PART – B (75 Marks)

GENERAL SCIENCE (SSC Standard)

1. Source of Energy: Renewable and Non-renewable sources of energy.

- a) Renewable sources: Solar energy (Solar Cooker, Solar water heater, Solar Cell); Wind energy, Hydro energy (Tides of Ocean, Hydroelectric), Geothermal wood, Biogas, Hydrogen and Alcohol.
- b) Non-renewable sources: - Fossil fuel (Coal, Petroleum and Natural gas), conditions for combustion choice of a good fuel, fuel efficiency, nuclear fusion and nuclear fission, chain reaction, nuclear reactor (basic principles; safety measures), advantages and hazards of nuclear energy, mangal Turbine (Fuel less turbine)- Principle, working and uses.

2. Living world:

- a) Life Processes such as nutrition, modes of nutrition - Autotrophic, heterotrophic, Parasitic and saprophytes.
- b) Nutrition of plants – Photosynthesis & factors affecting the photosynthesis
- c) Nutrition in animals like Amoeba & grasshopper.
- d) Human digestive system.
- e) Respiration in Plants and Animals.
- f) Type of respiration- Aerobic and anaerobic respiration.
- g) Respiration through Skin, Gills, trachea lungs. (Earthworm, Fishes, Grasshopper and Human)
- h) Knowledge of structure and function of human respiratory system.

3. Transportation & Excretion:

- a) Transportation in Plants and animals. (Water, minerals, food).
- b) Transportation in Human - Composition and function of blood, clotting of blood, blood Groups, transfusion of blood, heart, structure and functions of blood vessel (elementary knowledge) and lymphatic system.
- c) Excretion in animals (Amoeba and earth worm), excretion in human, Osmoregulation.
- d) Nervous system and hormones in Human- reflex action.

4. Reproduction, growth, heredity and evolution:

A) Reproduction and growth:

- i) Types of Reproduction:
 - a) Asexual: Fission budding, regeneration, vegetative propagation in plants, cutting, grafting and layering, Parthenogenesis.
 - b) Sexual reproduction and its significance- reproductive parts of plants, pollination and fertilization.
 - c) Human reproductive system, mental and physical change during human development.

B) Heredity and Evolution:

- a) Heredity and Variations,
- b) Physical basis of Heredity-chromosomes; D.N.A. (elementary knowledge), Genes, Sex determination.
- c) Elementary knowledge of evolution.

5. Natural Resources:

- a) **Metals:** Ores and minerals, metallurgy, Enrichment of ores, extraction of metal from ores, refinement and purification of metal with reference to Iron and aluminium, Activity series of metals, general properties and corrosion of metals, Alloys, Components, properties and uses of steel; stainless steel, Brass, magnalium, alloys of gold.
- b) **Non-metals:** Importance and general properties, method of preparation of hydrogen, properties and its uses, manufacturing of ammonia (Only reactions), properties and uses, sulphur - occurrence, extraction, properties (allotropy and effect of heat) and uses. Properties and uses of Sulphur dioxide, manufacture of sulphuric acid (Only reactions), its properties and uses.

6. Carbon Compounds: Functional groups (only oxygen containing) Alcohols -preparation, properties and uses, preparation methods, properties and uses of formaldehyde, Acetone and Acetic acid. Some common synthetic polymers, soaps and detergents.

7. Environment and Environmental Problems:

- a) Causes, prevention and control of environmental problems, Land, water, Air, noise pollution and accumulation of waste materials.
- b) Biodegradable and Non-biodegradable materials,
- c) Interaction between biotic and non-biotic components of ecosystem.
- d) Ecological balance, efforts and measures for conservation of environment.
- e) Process of water management and conservation:
 - 1) Rain water harvesting
 - 2) Ground water recharging
 - 3) Conservation of forests
 - 4) Land management and conservation
 - 5) Public awareness for environmental protection
 - 6) Green House effect
 - 7) Global warming
 - 8) Ozone layer depletion
 - 9) Acid rain.

8. Ethnobotany:

- a) Morphological study of medicinal plants, their classification on the basis of their use and life span.
- b) Study of botanical names and medicinal use of the following seasonal and perennial plants.

A. Seasonal plants:			
Malkangni	Celastrus paniculatus	Cumin	Cuminum cyminum
Ashwaganda	Withania somnifera	Fennel	Foeniculum vulgare
Ginger	Zingiber officinale	Ajwayin	Trachyspermum ammi
Turmeric	Curcuma longa	Marua	Origanum majorana
Garlic	Allium sativum	Tulsi	Ocimum sanctum
Fenugreek	Trigonella foenum-graecum	Vacha	Achorus calamus
Touch- me- not	Mimosa pudica	Adusa	Adhatodavasicia
Soya	Glycine max	Giloy	Tinospora cordifolia
Shatawar	Asparagus racemosus	Harjor	Cissus quadrangularis
Sarpgandha	Rauvolfia serpentina	Bryophytum	Bryophytum pinnatum
Isabgol	Plantago ovata	Bhui Aonla	Phyllanthus niruri
Dioscorea	Dioscorea pentaphylla	Castor	Ricinus communis
B. Perennial plants:			
Harad	Terminalia chebula	Harshinagar	Nyctanthus arbor-tristis
Baheda	Terminalia bellirica	Amaltash	Cassia fistula
Aonla	Phyllanthus emblica	Pomegranate	Punica granatum
Nirgundi	Vitex negundo	Sandal	Santalum album
Babool	Acacia nilotica	Nuxvom,	Strichnus nux-vomica
Neem	Azadirachta indica	Paras peepal,	Thespesia populnea
Sheesham	Dalbergia sissoo	Arjuna,	Terminalia arjuna
Catechu	Acacia catechu	Eucalyptus,	Eucalyptus
Karaj	Pongamia pinnata	Bel,	Aegle marmelos
Sweet Neem	Murrayakoenigii	Apamargh,	Achyranthes aspera
Kachnar	Bauhinavariegata	Bhringraj,	Eclipta alba
Peepal	Ficus religiosa	Kaner	Nerium oleander

GENERAL MATHEMATICS (SSC Standard)**1. ARITHMETICS:**

- a) Number System-Natural numbers, Integers.
- b) Rational and Real numbers.
- c) Fundamental operations, addition, subtraction, multiplication, division, square roots, Decimal fractions.
- d) Unitary method-time and distance, time and work, percentages, applications to simple and compound interest, profit and loss, ratio and proportion, variation.
- e) Elementary Number Theory – Division algorithm, Prime and composite numbers. Tests of divisibility by 2,3,4,5,9 and 11.
- f) Multiples and factors, factorisation Theorem. H.C.F. and L.C.M. Euclidean algorithm. Logarithms to base 10, laws of logarithms, use of logarithmic tables.

2. GEOMETRY:

- i) Lines and angles, Plane and plane figures.
- ii) Theorems on
 - a) Properties of angles at a point.
 - b) Parallel lines.
 - c) Sides and angles of a triangle.
 - d) Congruency of triangles.
 - e) Similar triangles.
 - f) Concurrence of medians and altitudes.
 - g) Properties of angles, sides and diagonals of a parallelogram, rectangle and square.
 - h) Circles and its properties including tangents and normals.
 - i) Loci.

3. STATISTICS:

- a) Collection and tabulation of statistical data,
- b) Graphical representation - frequency polygons, histograms, bar charts, pie charts etc.
- c) Measures of central tendency.
