

VITMEE Previous Year Question Papers

1. To the lines $ax^2+2hxy+by^2=0$ $ax^2 + 2hxy + by^2 = 0$ $ax^2+2hxy+by^2=0$,
the lines $a^2x^2+2h(a+b)xy+b^2y^2=0$ $a^2x^2 + 2h(a+b)xy + b^2y^2 = 0$
 $a^2x^2+2h(a+b)xy+b^2y^2=0$ are
(a) equally inclined



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- (b) perpendicular
(c) bisector of the angle
(d) None of the above
2. If R be a relation from $A = \{1, 2, 3, 4\}$ to $B = \{1, 3, 5\}$ such that $(a, b) \in R \Leftrightarrow a < b$, then R or R^{-1} is
(a) $\{(1, 3), (1, 5), (2, 3), (2, 5), (3, 5), (4, 5)\}$
(b) $\{(3, 1), (5, 1), (3, 2), (5, 2), (5, 3), (5, 4)\}$
(c) $\{(3, 3), (3, 5), (5, 3), (5, 5)\}$
(d) $\{(3, 3), (3, 4), (4, 5)\}$
3. If $x + iy = (1 - i\sqrt{3})^{100}$, then find (x, y) .
(a) $(2^{99}, 2^{99}\sqrt{3})$
(b) $(2^{99}, -2^{99}\sqrt{3})$
(c) $(-2^{99}, 2^{99}\sqrt{3})$
(d) None of these
4. For a GP, $a_n = 3(2^n)$, $\forall n \in \mathbb{N}$. Find the common ratio.
(a) 2
(b) $1/2$
(c) 3
(d) $1/3$
5. If a, b, c are in HP, then $a/(b+c), b/(c+a), c/(a+b)$ will be in
(a) AP
(b) GP
(c) HP
(d) None of these
6. If $(x^2 + 2x + 7)/(2x + 3) < 6$, $x \in \mathbb{R}$, then
(a) $x > 11$ or $x < -3/2$
(b) $x > 11$ or $x < -1$
(c) $-3/2 < x < -1$
(d) $-1 < x < 11$ or $x < -3/2$
7. The number of ways of painting the faces of a cube of six different colours is
(a) 1
(b) 6
(c) $6!$
(d) 36
8. A line passes through $(2, 2)$ and is perpendicular to the line $3x + y = 3$. What is its y -intercept?
(a) $1/3$
(b) $2/3$
(c) 1
(d) $4/3$
9. The number of common tangents to the circles $x^2 + y^2 = 4$ and $x^2 + y^2 - 6x - 8y = 24$ is



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- (a) 0
(b) 1
(c) 3
(d) 4
10. If D is the set of all real x such that $1 - e^{\{1/x\}} - 1$ is positive, then D is equal to
(a) $(-\infty, 1]$
(b) $(-\infty, 0)$
(c) $(1, \infty)$
(d) $(-\infty, 0) \cup (1, \infty)$
11. Find the value of the limit $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \sqrt[3]{(1 - \cos x)/x}$.
(a) 0
(b) 1
(c) $\sqrt{2}$
(d) does not exist
12. Evaluate $\int (x^2 + 4)/(x^4 + 16) dx$.
(a) $(1/(2\sqrt{2})) \tan^{-1} \left\{ \frac{(x^2 - 4)}{(2x\sqrt{2})} \right\} + C$
(b) $(1/(2\sqrt{2})) \tan^{-1} \left\{ \frac{(x^2 - 4)}{(2\sqrt{2})} \right\} + C$
(c) $(1/(2\sqrt{2})) \tan^{-1} \left\{ \frac{(x^2 - 4)}{(x\sqrt{2})} \right\} + C$
(d) None of the above
13. Evaluate $\int_{\pi/4}^{3\pi/4} 1/(1 + \cos x) dx$
(a) 2
(b) -2
(c) 1/2
(d) -1/2
14. If one AM 'A' and two GM p and q are inserted between two given numbers, then find the value of $p^2/q + q^2/p$.
(a) A
(b) 2A
(c) 3A
(d) 4A
15. If the roots of the equation $x^2 + ax + b = 0$ are c and d , then one of the roots of the equation $x^2 + (2c + a)x + c + ac + b = 0$ is
(a) c
(b) $d - c$
(c) $2d$
(d) $2c$
16. The sum of the coefficients of $(6a - 5b)^n$, where n is a positive integer, is (a) 1 (b) -1 (c) 2^n (d) 2^{n-1}
17. Find the value of $(7.995)^{1/3}$ correct to four decimal places.
(a) 1.9995
(b) 1.9996



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- (c) 1.9990
(d) 1.9991
18. The values of constants a and b so that $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} [(x^2 + 1)/(x + 1) - ax - b] = 0$ are
(a) $a = 0, b = 0$
(b) $a = 1, b = -1$
(c) $a = -1, b = 1$
(d) $a = 2, b = -1$
19. The projection of the vector $i - 2j + k$ on the vector $4i - 4j + 7k$ is
(a) $5\sqrt{6}/10$
(b) $19/10$
(c) $9/19$
(d) $\sqrt{6}/19$
20. If a, b, c are three non-zero vectors such that $a + b + c = 0$ and $m = a \cdot b + b \cdot c + c \cdot a$, then
(a) $m < 0$
(b) $m > 0$
(c) $m = 0$
(d) $m = 3$
21. A line making angles 45° and 60° with the positive directions of the axes of x and y makes with the positive direction of z -axis, an angle of
(a) 60°
(b) 120°
(c) 60° or 120°
(d) None of these
22. If $I = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$, $J = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ -1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$ and $B = \begin{bmatrix} \cos \theta & \sin \theta \\ -\sin \theta & \cos \theta \end{bmatrix}$, then B is equal to (a) $I \cos \theta + J \sin \theta$ (b) $I \sin \theta + J \cos \theta$ (c) $I \cos \theta - J \sin \theta$ (d) $-I \cos \theta + J \sin \theta$
23. Which of the following is correct?
(a) Determinant is a square matrix
(b) Determinant is a number associated to a matrix
(c) Determinant is a number associated to a square matrix
(d) All of the above
24. If α, β and γ are the roots of $x^3 + ax^2 + b = 0$, then the value of $|\beta \gamma \alpha|$ is
(a) $-a^3$
(b) $a^3 - 3b$
(c) a^3
(d) $a^2 - 3b$
25. If the axes are shifted to the point $(1, -2)$ without solution, then the equation $2x^2 + y^2 - 4x + 4y = 0$ becomes
(a) $2X^2 + 3Y^2 = 6$
(b) $2X^2 + Y^2 = 6$

- (c) $X^2 + 2Y^2 = 6$
(d) None of the above
26. If $f(x) = \int x^2, x \leq 0$ then $x = 0$ is
(a) point of minima
(b) point of maxima
(c) point of discontinuity
(d) None of the above
27. In a group $(G, *)$, the equation $x * a = b$ has a
(a) unique solution $b * a^{-1}$
(b) unique solution $a^{-1} * b$
(c) unique solution $a^{-1} * b^{-1}$
(d) many solutions
28. A die is rolled twice and the sum of the numbers appearing on them is observed to be 7. What is the conditional probability that the number 2 has appeared at least once?
(a) $1/2$
(b) $1/3$
(c) $2/3$
(d) $2/5$
29. The locus of the mid-points of the focal chord of the parabola $y^2 = 4ax$ is
(a) $y^2 = a(x - a)$
(b) $y^2 = 2a(x - a)$
(c) $y^2 = 4a(x - a)$
(d) None of these
30. Find the value of $\sin 12^\circ \sin 48^\circ \sin 54^\circ$.
(a) $1/2$
(b) $1/4$
(c) $1/6$
(d) $1/8$
31. In an equilateral triangle, the inradius, circumradius and one of the exradii are in the ratio
(a) $2 : 3 : 5$
(b) $1 : 2 : 3$
(c) $1 : 3 : 7$
(d) $3 : 7 : 9$
32. Let p and q be two statements. Then, $p \vee q$ is false, if
(a) p is false and q is true
(b) both p and q are false
(c) both p and q are true
(d) None of the above
33. In how many ways 6 letters be posted in 5 different letter boxes? (a) 5^6
(b) 6^5



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- (c) 5!
(d) 6!
34. If A and B be two sets such that $A \times B$ consists of 6 elements. If three elements $A \times B$ are (1, 4), (2, 6) and (3, 6), find $B \times A$.
- (a) {(1, 4), (1, 6), (2, 4), (2, 6), (3, 4), (3, 6)}
(b) {(4, 1), (4, 2), (4, 3), (6, 1), (6, 2), (6, 3)}
(c) {(4, 4), (6, 6)}
(d) {(4, 1), (6, 2), (6, 3)}
35. Let $f : \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ be defined as $f(x) = x^2 + 1$, find $f^{-1}(-5)$.
- (a) $\{\emptyset\}$
(b) \emptyset
(c) {5}
(d) (-5, 5)
36. If X is a poisson variate such that $P(X = 1) = P(X = 2)$, then $P(X = 4)$ is equal to
37. The area enclosed by $y = 3x - 5$, $y = 0$, $x = 3$ and $x = 5$ is
- (a) 12 sq units
(b) 13 sq units
(c) $13/2$ sq units
(d) 14 sq units
38. The order and degree of the differential equation $(1 + 4 \frac{dy}{dx})^{2/3} = 4 \frac{d^2y}{dx^2}$ are respectively
- (a) 1, $2/3$
(b) 3, $2/3$
(c) 2, 3
(d) 2, $2/3$
39. The solution of the differential equation $\frac{dy}{dx} = (4x + y + 1)^2$, is
- (a) $(4x + y + 1) = \tan(2x + C)$
(b) $(4x + y + 1)^2 = 2 \tan(2x + C)$
(c) $(4x + y + 1)^3 = 3 \tan(2x + C)$
(d) $(4x + y + 1) = 2 \tan(2x + C)$
40. The system of equations $2x + y - 5 = 0$, $x - 2y + 1 = 0$, $2x - 14y - a = 0$ is consistent. Then, a is equal to
- (a) 1
(b) 2
(c) 5
(d) None of these

Answer Key



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1. a 2. c 3. c 4. a 5. c 6. d 7. a 8. d 9. b 10. d
2. d 12. a 13. a 14. b 15. b 16. a 17. b 18. b 19. b 20. a
3. a 22. a 23. c 24. c 25. b 26. a 27. a 28. b 29. b 30. d
4. b 32. b 33. a 34. b 35. b 36. c 37. d 38. c 39. d 40. d

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